



Ventura County Waterworks District No. 16 (Piru)

Administration

- County of Ventura, Supervisorial District No. 3
- The Ventura County Board of Supervisors is the governing body.

Citizens' Advisory Committee

Not applicable

Statistics

- Formed on May 8, 1972
- Size of District: Approximately 300 acres.
- Provides sanitation services to 543 customers
- Until March 2010, the District owned and managed a secondary wastewater treatment plant with a design capacity of 0.26 MGD. That plant, which was operated and maintained by Ventura Regional Sanitation District, has been replaced with a new, 0.50 MGD wastewater treatment plant which the District has been operating and maintaining since early 2010.

Infrastructure

Capacity of WWTP (MGD)	0.50
Sewer Line (Miles)	9
Lift Station	2
Sewer Service Connections (includes standby)	543

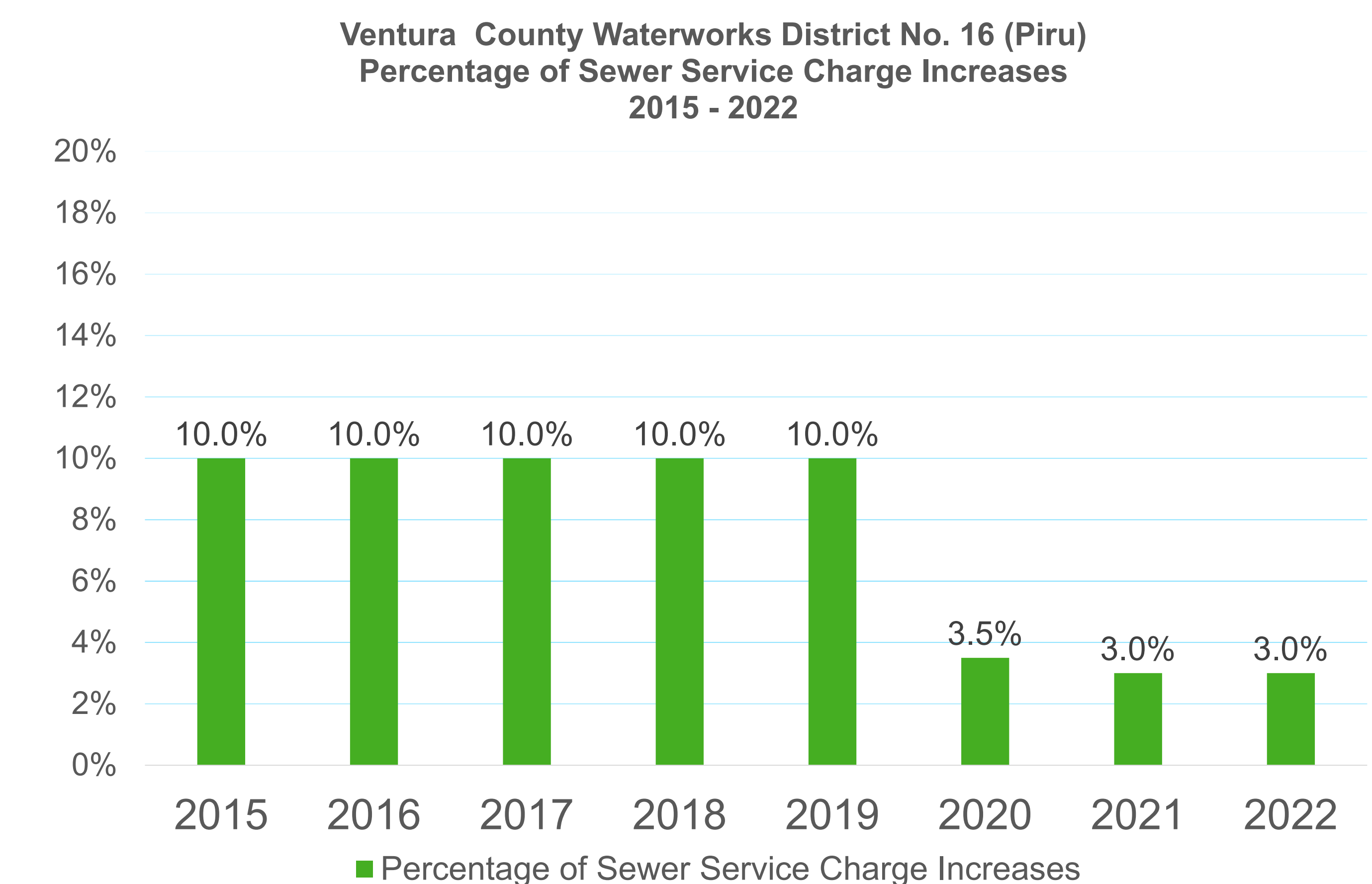
Major Projects Completed in the Last 10 Years

CIP Water	CIP Sanitation	Development
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2014 – Water system turned over to Warring Water 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Piru WWTP – 0.5 MGD • SCADA/County microwave system upgrade • Asset Mgmt. CMMS with GIS field devices & access to record drawings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Center Street Sewer Lift Station • Tract 5553 sewer system

Major Projects Ongoing / Planned

CIP Sanitation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Piru WWTP – Phase II Desalination Treatment Project • Battery installation project
O&M	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improvements for sludge dewatering area

Rate Increase History/Year Percentage Increase



Challenges

- On August 1, 2017, the Ventura County Board of Supervisors approved a General Fund 10-year loan of up to \$2,000,000 to assist in the District's cash flow problem. Loan repayment will be made through increased revenue resulting from (1) sewer connection fees; (2) service rate increases; and (3) construction of new housing units scheduled to occur by 2022.
- Negotiating economical solution with LARWQCB regarding current Notice of Violation for Chloride and Total Dissolved Solids Concentrations in treated effluent (exceeding WDR permit level), caused by high chloride level in local potable water supply (Warring Water).
- Low-income disadvantaged community
- Rising SCE power costs for pumping
- Biosolids disposal – increased labor costs, treatment, hauling, and disposal.